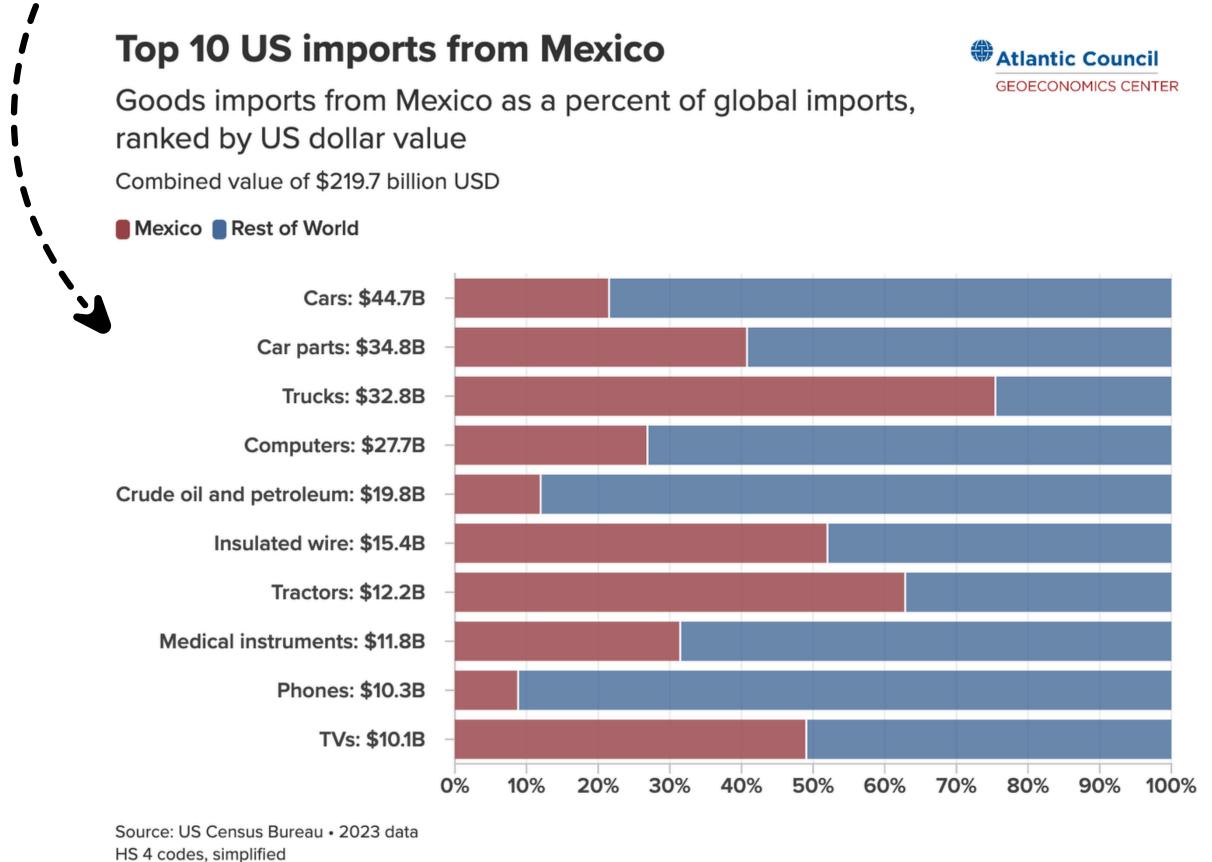


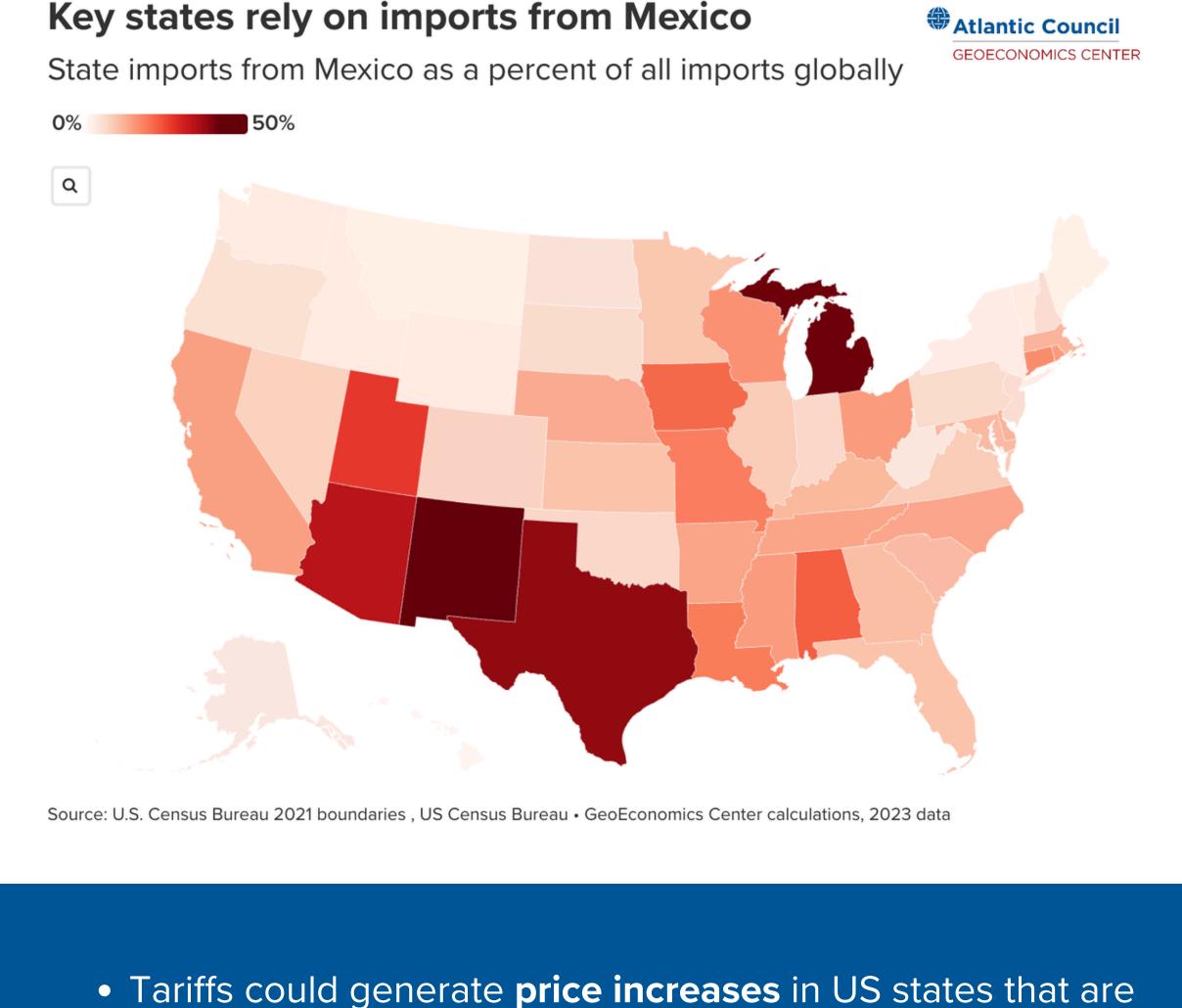
Explainer: US Tariffs on Mexico

Right after his Inauguration on January 20, President Trump announced the potential implementation of 25 percent tariffs on US imports from Mexico in addition to Canada. The measure could go into effect as soon as February 1, 2025. What are the President's main objectives, and what could be the economic impact?



Potential impact

- Domestically, tariffs would create new incentives for US consumers to buy US-made products, as available.
- Tariffs would seek to act as an economic incentive for companies to bring production back to the United States.
- In Mexico, among other things, tariffs would increase pressure to address irritants laid out by Secretary Rubio in his confirmation hearing: bilateral US trade concerns; border security; and violence alongside fentanyl trafficking.



 However, given its significant reliance on exports to the US, the bigger risk is for Mexico, where the effect of tariffs could increase the likelihood of economic recession.

Geopolitical perspective

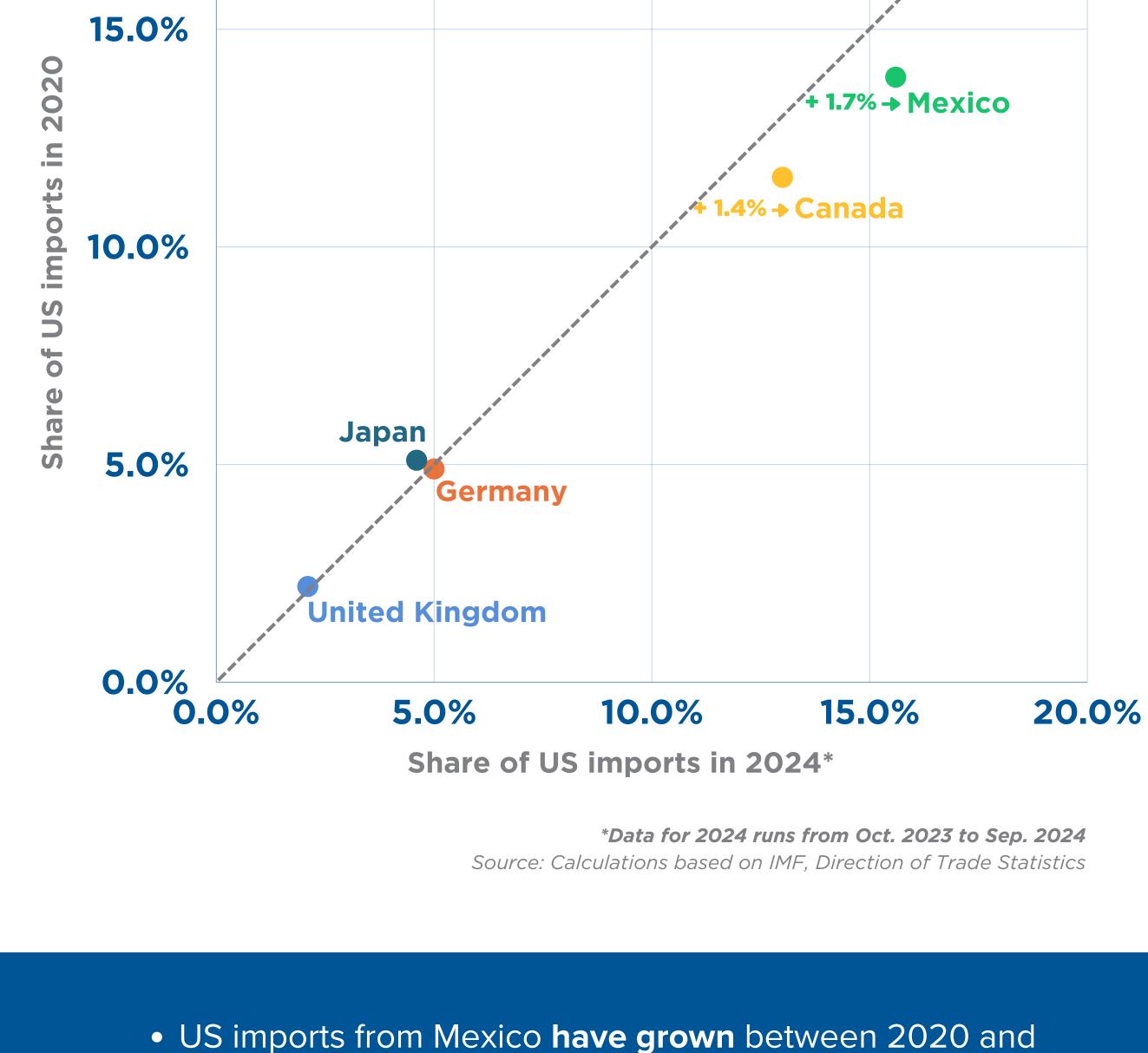
Change in the sourcing of US imports (2020 vs 2024)

China (Mainland) ← - 5.0%

the main importers from Mexico such as Michigan, New

Mexico, Texas, and Arizona.

20.0%



2024, displacing other global competitors such as China. However, tariffs could reduce Mexican exports to the

United States, thus creating opportunities for other commercial players to fill the void.



